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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/532,031	05/01/2006	J. Keith Joung	62046(51588)	6686	
71284 7590 01/21/2009 EWARDS ANGELL PALMER & DODGE LLP P.O. BOX 55874 POSTON MA 02205			EXAMINER		
			LIU, SUE XU		
BOSTON, MA 02205			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1639		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/532,031	JOUNG, J. KEITH	I			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	SUE LIU	1639				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	·					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-61 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) 1-61 are subject to restriction and/or expressions.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CF				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Status

Claims 1-61 are currently pending.

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group 1, claim(s) 1-10, drawn to a non-naturally occurring NRSF-based zinc-finger polypeptide.

Group 2, claim(s) 11, drawn to a method of regulating the expression of a gene.

Group 3, claim(s) 12, drawn to a method of altering the structure of a nucleic acid molecule.

Group 4, claim(s) 13, drawn to a method of altering the structure of a chromatin.

Group 5, claim(s) 14, drawn to a method of cleaving a sequence of interest.

Group 6, claim(s) 15, drawn to a method of silencing a gene.

Group 7, claim(s) 16-20, drawn to a method of selecting a non-naturally occurring NRSR-based zinc finger.

Group 8, claim(s) 21-22, drawn to a method of selecting a non-naturally occurring NRSR-based zinc finger using primary libraries.

Group 9, claim(s) 23-27, drawn to a nucleic acid library.

Group 10, claim(s) 28, drawn to a DNA sequence of interest.

Group 11, claim(s) 29, drawn to a DNA sequence with SEQ ID No. 13.

Group 12, claim(s) 30-40, drawn to a non-naturally occurring scaffold-based zinc-finger polypeptide.

Group 13, claim(s) 41, drawn to a method of regulating the expression of gene.

Group 14, claim(s) 42, drawn to a method of altering the structure of a nucleic acid molecule.

Group 15, claim(s) 43, drawn to a method of altering the structure of chromatin.

Group 16, claim(s) 44, drawn to a method of cleaving a sequence of interest.

Group 17, claim(s) 45, drawn to a method of silencing of a gene of interest.

Group 18, claim(s) 46-50, drawn to a method of selecting a non-natrually occurring scaffold-based zinc-finger.

Group 19, claim(s) 51-52, drawn to a method of selecting a non-natrually occurring scaffold-based zinc-finger using primary libraries.

Group 20, claim(s) 53-61, drawn to a nucleic acid library.

2. The inventions listed as Groups 1-20 do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The linking features of Group 1-20 are structurally and functionally different from one another. For examples, the linking feature of Group 1 is a non-naturally occurring NRSF-based zinc-finger polypeptide; the linking feature of Group 2 is a gene of interest; the linking feature of Group 3 is a nucleic acid molecule. Therefore, Groups 1-20 are not so linked by the same or a corresponding special technical feature as to form a single inventive concept. In addition, the special technical feature of Group 1 is known in the prior art. For example, Shimojo et al

(Journal of Biological Chemistry, Vol. 276: 13121-13126, 1/5/2001; cited in IDS) teach mutant

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NRSF zinc finger polypeptide having at least one zinc finger with mutated amino acid residues

that have various binding properties with consensus sequences (see entire document; Figures),

which reads on the non-naturally occurring NRSF zinc finger polypeptide as recited in the instant

claim 1. Thus, the inventions lack unity.

Species Election

3. This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic

invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as

to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

Applicants are requested to further elect a single ultimate species for each of the

following:

a. A single specific selection of a polypeptide either with OR without a "functional

domains" (for Groups 1 and 12).

i. If Applicants elect a polypeptide with a functional domain, applicants are

further requested to elect a single specific type of functional domain. (e.g. claims

6-10).

b. A single specific polypeptide expression system for expressing the zinc finger

polypeptide. (For Groups 7 and 18; e.g. claims 18-20).

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims

shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply must also identify

the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner: 2.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner: Please see the above species selection for correspondence between the claims and the species selection.

The following claim(s) are generic: 1-61.

The species lack the same technical feature, because they do not share a common core structure and/or function. The different species would also differ in their reactivity and the starting materials from which they are made. For examples, the different species of "functional domains" can be of various protein structures and/or functions, which species do not share the same core structure and do not have the same function. Similarly, the different species of "expression systems" are also structurally and/or functionally different from each other. For different species of method, the method steps for each species would differ. Consequently, the

species have different issues regarding patentability. Thus the unity of invention between each species subgroup is lacking.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

3. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

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In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sue Liu whose telephone number is 571-272-5539. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9am-3pm.

Application/Control Number: 10/532,031

Art Unit: 1639

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Christopher Low can be reached at 571-272-0951. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Sue Liu/ Patent Examiner, AU 1639

1/15/09

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